

**§ 644.418 Procedure for exchange.**

(a) Each agreement for the exchange of real property should be formalized by written contract specifying the terms and conditions of the exchange, including, by reference to exhibits incorporated therein or otherwise, the form and terms of the conveyance of the title to the property to and from the Government. The agreement, in the case of relocation contracts, will be developed in accordance with ER 1180-1-1. Where an exchange of land or interests therein is considered desirable in the course of a condemnation proceeding, the agreement can be incorporated in a stipulation therein (§§ 644.411 through 644.421).

(b) Submission to the Chief of Engineers of draft of conveyance.

(1) Conveyance will usually be executed by the Secretary or head of the agency involved § 644.441. To avoid impinging on his discretionary powers, the execution of any contract or agreement involving an exchange of real property interests must be approved in advance, be deferred pending execution of the conveyance, or provide that the terms and conditions of any grant to be made pursuant to the contract will be subject to approval by the Secretary or agency head. It is considered preferable that the contract contain a draft of conveyance as an exhibit thereto and, where time will permit, be submitted to DAEN-REM for review prior to final execution of the contract in order to avoid possible difficulties arising from subsequent disagreement over terms acceptable to the signatory of the Government's conveyance.

(2) In submitting for final approval and execution the conveyance of the Government's interest in land pursuant to a contract for exchange, the following data should be included to support the proposed action:

- (i) Description and map of the property to be conveyed.
- (ii) Statements as to how and when the Government acquired title to the property, the nature and extent of its interest therein, and a statement of any encumbrance to which the property is subject and the nature thereof, such as easements for road rights-of-way, utility lines, etc.

(iii) A sufficient number of drafts or the conveyance to permit distribution thereof to interested agencies and the grantee.

(iv) Two copies of the contract, option, stipulation in condemnation or other agreement which provides for the proposed conveyance, or, in lieu thereof, pertinent excerpts therefrom sufficient to clearly show the nature and extent of the Government's obligation to execute the conveyance.

(v) A citation of the statutory authority on which the execution of the conveyance is to be predicated.

(vi) Any additional information necessary to a proper understanding of the proposed transaction.

(vii) When the exchange agreement is other than a relocation contract, an appraisal report showing the relative fair values of the properties to be exchanged.

(viii) A copy of the conveyance to be made to the United States, or a statement by the Attorney General that an acceptable conveyance has been executed and delivered to the United States, and that an opinion of good title has been made or is not required by regulation to be made.

(ix) Recommendations of the Division and District Engineers.

**§ 644.419 Public Law 87-852 easements.**

Public Law 87-852, approved 23 October 1962 (76 Stat. 1129), authorizes executive agencies to grant easements on real property of the United States for rights-of-way or other purposes on terms and considerations deemed necessary to protect the interest of the United States, with or without monetary consideration, or other consideration, including any interest in real property. The Act also authorizes the relinquishment of legislative jurisdiction to the State.

**§ 644.420 Disposal of property in which the military departments have a continuing interest under special acts of Congress.**

*General.* Because of the continuing interest of the departments in the following properties and in view of the determinations under the Acts on which the disposals are premised, properties

## § 644.421

that can be conveyed under authorities discussed in §§ 644.421 through 644.424 are not considered surplus or excess within the meaning of these terms as defined in the Federal Property Act.

### § 644.421 Highway purposes.

Title 23 U.S.C. 317 provides that upon application of the Secretary of Transportation, land or materials may be transferred to a state for the construction or maintenance of a right-of-way for any highway adjacent to a Government installation. If, within a period of four months after such application by the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of the Department shall not have certified to the Secretary of Transportation that the proposed appropriation of such land or material is contrary to the public interest or inconsistent with the purpose for which such land or materials have been reserved, they may be appropriated and transferred to the state for such purposes. When the need for such land or material ceases to exist, they shall revert to the control of the department. This section applies only to projects constructed on a Federal-aid system, or under the provisions of chapter 2 of title 23 U.S.C. Usually applications for highway rights-of-way or the use of borrow material made under this Act by the Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation, on behalf of a particular state can be and are more simply satisfied by the issuance of a road easement or a license to take borrow material. This latter procedure is also desirable in that controls necessary to satisfy military requirements may be retained. Title 23 U.S.C. 107(d) directs Federal agencies to cooperate with the Secretary of Transportation in providing rights-of-way, including control of access, for the interstate highway system over lands and interests in lands owned by the United States.

### § 644.422 Authorized widening of a public highway, street, or alley.

40 U.S.C. 345c authorizes the conveyance, upon application, of such interest in real property as is determined will not be adverse to the interests of the United States, to the states or political subdivisions for authorized widening of

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a public highway, street, or alley. The conveyance may be made with or without consideration, and subject to terms and conditions deemed necessary to protect the interests of the United States. Excepted from this authority is the conveyance of any interest in real property that can be transferred under title 23 of the United States Code (see § 644.421), and to public lands in the National Forest System.

### § 644.423 Airport development.

(a) *Authority.* 49 U.S.C. 1723 provides that

(a) . . . whenever the Secretary of Transportation determines that use of any lands owned or controlled by the United States is reasonably necessary for carrying out a project for airport development under this subchapter, or for the operation of any public airport, including lands reasonably necessary to meet future development of an airport in accordance with the national airport system plan, he shall file with the head of the department or agency having control of the lands a request that the necessary property interests therein be conveyed to the public agency sponsoring the project in question or owning or controlling the airport. The property interest may consist of the title to, or any other interest in, land or any easement through or other interest in airspace. (b) Upon receipt of a request from the Secretary under this section, the head of the department or agency having control of the lands in question shall determine whether the requested conveyance is inconsistent with the needs of the department or agency, and shall notify the Secretary of his determination within a period of four months after receipt of the Secretary's request. If the department or agency head determines that the requested conveyance is not inconsistent with the needs of that department or agency, the department, or agency head is hereby authorized and directed, with the approval of the President and the Attorney General of the United States, and without any expense to the United States, to perform any acts and to execute any instruments necessary to make the conveyance requested. A conveyance may be made only on the condition that, at the option of the Secretary, the property interest conveyed shall revert to the United States in the event that the lands in question are not developed for airport purposes or used in a manner consistent with the terms of the conveyance. If only a part of the property interest conveyed is not developed for airport purposes, or used in a manner consistent with the terms of the conveyance, only that particular part shall